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October 19, 1900 2588

Report from Havana—Smallpox on the steamship Navarre—Yellow fever on the schooner Lottie Moore.

HAVANA, CUBA, October 10, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report for the week ended October 6, 1900:

The yellow fever situation remains nearly the same; 21 deaths from the disease were reported, 1 an American.

Two deaths from beriberi have been recorded.

The French trans-Atlantic liner steamship La Navarre arrived here on the 4th instant, with a case of smallpox on board. The cabin passengers who had not been exposed were allowed to land. The patient, a steerage passenger, was in the eruptive stage and the entire steerage had been more or less exposed. Careful examination was made of all on board. Sixty-five in the steerage presented evidences of having had an attack of the disease and after a bichloride bath and disinfection of their clothing and dunnage they were allowed to go ashore. All of the others to the number of 436 were sent to Mariel Quarantine Station to be held under observation during the period of incubation. I detailed Acting Asst. Surg. A. B. McDowell to accompany them and assume temporary command at Mariel, Acting Asst. Surg. F. Torralbas to assist and Steward Goodman was sent down with 5 guards and subsistence supplies. Every arrangement possible for the comfort of the passengers has been made. A special guard of 5 men has been detailed for duty and the captain of the port has very kindly lent 2 of his officers. The steamship company provides subsistence cooks, and attendants for the care of the people. They were all carefully revaccinated on the day of arrival.

A case of yellow fever was removed from the American schooner Lottie Moore on the 29th ultimo to the hospital and the vessel immediately disinfected. The captain was not able to clear for two days after and the vessel being bound for Fernandina, Fla., she was redisinfected before departure.

Acting Asst. Surg. Jose M. Campos has reported 1 death and 1 new case of yellow fever occurring during the week at Batabano.

Another death from the disease is reported from Santa Clara, a young American telegraph operator.

I inclose the mortality report for the week.

Respectfully,

A. H. GLENNAN, Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

[Inclosure.]

Mortality report for week ended October 6, 1900.

3	Meningitis	6
2	Malaria	4
14	Pneumonia	5
21	Rachitis	4
2	Arterio sclerosis	4
1	Tuberculosis	15
4	Tetanus	4
4	Ur&mia	2
1	Deaths from all causes	128
	2 14 21 2 1 4 4	3 Meningitis. 2 Malaria 14 Pneumonia. 21 Rachitis 2 Arterio sclerosis 1 Tuberculosis. 4 Tetanus. 4 Uræmia. 1 Deaths from all causes.

Report for week ended October 6, 1900.

Passengers inspected	182	Application for immune certificates re-	
		jected	19
Immune certificates issued	82	, and the second	

2589 October 19,

OUTDOOR DEPARTMENT.

Vessels disinfected	5	Vessels inspected and entered	27
Viveros disinfected	5	Vessels inspected and cleared	16
Pieces of baggage disinfected	358	Immigrants inspected	1,615

Cases and deaths from yellow fever in Havana for the week ended October 12, 1900.

[Cablegram.]

HAVANA, CUBA, October 13, 1900.

Week ended October 12 there were 76 cases of yellow fever officially reported and 14 deaths. Will continue disinfection for northern points until November 1.

GLENNAN.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Cases and deaths from yellow fever at Havana, October 1 to 17.

HAVANA, CUBA, October 18, 1900.

Immigrants detained at Mariel released. All well and contented. Major Peterson, chief commissary, dead of yellow fever. Mrs. Peterson just arrived, prostrated by shock and grief, killed herself. New cases October 1 to 17, inclusive, 175; deaths, 39; cases under treatment, 105; officially reported. * * *

GLENNAN.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Report of immigrants inspected at the port of Havana, Cuba, during the month of September, 1900.

Total number of immigrants inspected, 972; number passed, 964; number certified for deportation on account of dangerous contagious or loathsome diseases, or for other physical causes, 8.

Disposition of immigrants certified for deportation.—Number cases pending at beginning of month, none; number cases certified for deportation during month, 8; total to be accounted for, 8; number cases deported, 8; number cases admitted, none; number cases pending at close of month, none.

A. H. GLENNAN, Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Matanzas, Cardenas, Isabela de Sagua, and Caibarien.

MATANZAS, CUBA, October 3, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the following sanitary report of the quarantine district under my command for the week ended September 29, 1900:

Matanzas.—Seventeen deaths occurred in the city of Matanzas during the period covered by this report, showing a mortality of 19.59 per 1,000. The principal causes of death were as follows: Tuberculosis, 3; malarial fever, 3; neoplasia, 2; enteritis, 2; typhoid fever, 1; cerebral hemorrhage, 1; other causes, 5. One case of dysentery was